Art Unit: 3700 Mrd 08/30/04

### AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

1. (original) A wedical appliance comprising an elongated signalreceiving ammenna for detecting and providing magnetic resonance response signals, the antenna adapted to be inserted into the body during magnetic resonance imaging procedures and for providing the response signals used for calculating a position of the medical appliance in the body, wherein the antenna comprises an open wire length including first and second conductor means having proximal ends adapted and arranged for interconnection to a receiver to couple the detected resonance response eignals to the receiver, spaced-apart distal ends, and at least a first insulator means for physically separating and electrically insulating adjacent portions of the first and second conductor seams, the distal ends of the first and second conductor means and the at least first insulator means adapted and arranged for exposure to a field of electromagnetic energy during a magnetic resonance procedure to couple electromagnetic energy from the field into the antenna and detect and provide the magnetic resonance response signals to the proximal ends of the conductor means.

- (original) A médical appliance according to claim 1, wherein the open wire length antenna is formed of a coaxial cable including the tiret and second conductors in a coaxial arrangement.
- J. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 1, wherein the open wire length antenna is formed of a cable having the lirst conductor enclosed in the first insulator, the first insulator surrounded by the second conductor and the second conductor engaged in a second insulator, and wherein said first conductor and second conductor have the same length.

Art Unit: 3700

-4-

- a. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 1, wherein the open wire length antenna is formed of a cable having the first conductor enclosed in the first insulator, the first insulator surrounded by the second conductor, and the second conductor encased in a second insulator, and wherein said first conductor and second conductor have unlike lengths.
- 5. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 1, wherein the open wire length antenna is made of the first conductor, the first insulator includes a first insulating coating applied on said first conductor, the second conductor includes a conducting coating surrounding said first insulating coating, and the antenna further includes a second insulating coating applied on said conducting coating, and wherein said first conductor and conducting coating have the same length.
- 6. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 1, wherein the open wire length antenna is made of the first conductor, the first insulator includes a first insulating coating applied on said first conductor, the second conductor includes a conducting coating surrounding said first insulating coating, and the antenna further includes a second insulating coating applied on said conducting coating, and wherein said first conductor and conducting coating have unlike lengths.
- 7. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 1, wherein the first and second conductors of the open wire length antenna include conducting strands insulated from one another.
- 8. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 7, wherein the first and second conductor means are parallel to one another.

Art Unit: 3700

- 6 -

- 9. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 7, wherein the first and second conductor means are twisted.
- 10. (original) A modical appliance according to claim 7, wherein the first and second conductor means have the same length.
- 11. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 7, wherein the first and second conductor means have unlike lengths.
- 12. (original)  $\lambda$  medical appliance according to claim 1, wherein the open wire length antenna forms at least a part of a guidowire for vascular procedures.
- 13. (original) A medical appliance antenna system for use in connection with magnetic resonance imaging procedures, including:
  - a medical appliance comprising an elongated signal-receiving antenna for detecting and providing magnetic resonance response signals, the antenna adapted to be inserted into the body during magnetic resonance imaging procedures and for providing the response signals used for calculating a position of the medical appliance in the body, wherein the antenna includes an open wire length including first and second conductors having proximal ends adapted and arranged for interconnection to a receiver to couple the detected response signals to the receiver, spaced-apart distal ends, and at least a first insulator for physically separating and electrically insulating adjacent portions of the first and second conductors, the distal ends of the first and second conductors and the at least first insulator adapted and arranged for exposure to a field of electromagnetic energy during a magnetic resonance procedure to couple the electromagnetic energy from the field to the antenna and detect and provide the

Art Unit: 3700

magnetic resonance response signals to the proximal ends of the conductors; and

- a receiver electrically connected to the antenna for receiving the magnetic resonance response signals and providing information representative of the position of the medical appliance.
- 14. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 13, wherein the open wire length antenna is formed of a coaxial cable including the first and second conductors in a coaxial arrangement.
- 15. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 13, wherein the open wire length antenna is formed of a cable having the first conductor enclosed in the first insulator, the first insulator surrounded by the second conductor and the second conductor encased in a second insulator, and wherein eard first conductor and second conductor have the same length.
- 16. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 13, wherein the open wire length antenna is formed of a cable having the first conductor enclosed in the first insulator, the first insulator surrounded by the second conductor, and the second conductor encased in a second insulator, and wherein said first conductor and second conductor have unlike lengths.
- 17. (original) A modical appliance according to claim 13, wherein the open wire length antenna is made of the first conductor, the first insulator includes a first insulating coating applied on said first conductor, the second conductor includes a conducting coating surrounding said first insulating coating, and the antenna further includes a second insulating coating applied on said conducting coating, and wherein said first conductor and conducting coating have the same length.

Art Unit: 3700

18. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 13, wherein the open wire length antonna is made of the first conductor, the first insulator includes a first insulating coating applied on said first conductor, the second conductor includes a conducting coating surrounding said first insulating coating, and the antenna further includes a second insulating coating applied on said conducting coating, and wherein said first conductor and conducting coating have unlike lengths.

19. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 19, wherein the first and second conductors of the open wire length antenna include conducting strands insulated from one another.

20. (original) A medical appliance comprising an elongated and signal-receiving antenna for detecting and providing magnetic resonance response signals, the antenna adapted to be inserted into the body during magnetic resonance imaging procedures and for providing the response signals used for calculating a position of the medical appliance in the body, wherein the antenna comprisen an open wire length including first and second conductors having proximal ends adapted and arranged for interconnection to a receiver to couple the detected resonance response signals to the receiver, spaced-apart distal ends, and at least a first insulator for physically separating and electrically insulating adjacent portions of the first and second conductors, the distal ends of the first and second conductors and the at least first insulator adopted and arranged for exposure to a field of electromagnetic energy during a magnetic resonance procedure to couple electromagnetic energy from the field into the antenna and detect and provide the magnetic resonance response signals to the distal ends of the conductors.

Art Unit: 3700

21. (criginal) A medical appliance according to claim 20, wherein the open wire length antenna is formed of a coaxial cable including the first and second conductors in a coaxial arrangement.

- 22. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 20, wherein the open wire length antenna is formed of a cable having the first conductor enclosed in the first insulator, the first insulator surrounded by the second conductor and the second conductor encased in a second insulator, and wherein said first conductor and second conductor and second conductor have the same length.
- 23. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 20, wherein the open wire length antenna is formed of a cable having the first conductor enclosed in the first insulator, the first insulator surrounded by the second conductor, and the second conductor encaned in a second insulator, and wherein said first conductor and second conductor have unlike lengths.
- 24. (original) A modical appliance according to claim 20, wherein the open wire length antenna is made of the first conductor, the first insulator includes a first insulating scating applied on said first conductor, the second conductor includes a conducting coating surrounding said first insulating coating, and the antenna further includes a second insulating coating applied on said conducting coating, and wherein said first conductor and conducting coating have the same length.
- 25. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 20, wherein the open wire length antenna is made of the first conductor, the first insulator includes a first insulating coating applied on said first conductor, the second conductor includes a conducting coating surrounding said first insulating coating, and the antenna further includes a second insulating coating applied on

said conducting coating, and wherein said first conductor and conducting coating have unlike lengths.

- 26. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 20, wherein the first and second conductors of the open wire length antenna include conducting strands insulated from one another.
- 27. (original) A medical appliance according to claim 20 and further including a receiver electrically connected to the entenna for receiving the magnetic resonance response signals and providing information representative of the position and orientation of the medical appliance.

Art Unit: 3700

28. A medical apparatus for imaging a wail of a body cavity in a patient by interacting with a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) system which generates a magnetic field gradient and electromagnetic (FM) radiation externally from the matient and transmits the gradient and EM radiation into the patient and receives a response signal indicative of a resonant response from the patient, the apparatus comprising:

- an antenna including an open conductor length configured to

  be inserted into the cavity and provide the response
  signal, based on the resonant response from a region of
  the patient closely preximate the antenna, to the MRI

  Avstem: and
  - a controller coupled to the antenna and configured to receive the response signal to obtain an image of the cavity wall proximate the antenna.
- 29. The medical apparatus of claim 29 Wherein the controller is configured to calculate antenna location by calculating an image of the antenna, antenna position, and antenna orientation.
- 30. The medical apparatus of claim 26 wherein the controller is configured to repeatedly measure, reconstruct and store the image to obtain an increased resolution image of the cavity wall.
- 31. The medical apparatus of claim 28 wherein the antenna is configured to be capacitively coupled to an EM field generated by the EM radiation.
- 32. The medical apparatus of claim 26 wherein the covity is defined by vasculature in the patient and wherein the antenne is configured for insertion into and passage through the vasculature.

Art Unit: 3700

- 13. The medical apparatus of claim 32 wherein the antenna forms at least a portion of a quidewire configured for insertion into the wasculature for use in positioning of a catheter.
- 34. The medical apparatus of claim 28 wherein the MRI system includes a response signal receiver and processor and a control station, and wherein the controller is implemented as a part of the control station or processor.
- 15. The medical apparatus of claim 26 wherein the antenna includes a first elemente conductor having a martin thereof forming the open conductor length, and a second elemente conductor, the first and second elemente conductors extending to a proximal and of the antenna.
- 16. The medical apparatus of claim 35 wherein the first and second elongate conductors are coaxially arranged along at least a portion of a length thereof.
- 17. The medical apparatus of claim 35 wherein the first and second clongate conductors are separated by an insulative layer.
- JB. The medical apparatus of claim 35 wherein the first and second elongate conductors are formed as a twisted pair.
- 19. The medical apparatus of claim 35 wherein the first and second elongate conductors are generally linear and generally parallel to one another.

Art Unit: 3700

- 45. A method of generation at indees of a sall of a mody cavity in a patient, the method comprising:
  - insecting an antenna including an open conductor length into the cavity:
  - generating a magnetic field gradient and electromagnetic
    [EX) radiation external from the patient and |
    transmitting the gradient and EX radiation into the
    patient:
  - response from a region of the patient closely proximate

    the antenna, to a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
    processor:
  - receiving the response signal at the MRI processor; and obtaining an image of the cavity wall proximate the antenna based on the response signal.
- 41. The method of claim 40 wherein obtaining an image comprises: repeatedly calculating antenna location.
- 42. The method of claim 41 wherein calculating antenna iscution commutises:

calculating an image of the antenna.

43. The mathod of claim 41 wherein calculating antenna location comprises:

calculating antenna position.

46. The method of claim 41 wherein calculating antenna location gommetises:

calculating antenna orientation.

Art Unit: 3700

- 45. The method of claim 40 wherein obtaining an insus comprises:

  repeatedly measuring, reconstructing and storing the image
  to obtain an increased resolution image of the cavity
  wall.
- 46. The method of claim 40 wherein transmitting a response signal comprises:
  - capacitively coupling the antenna to an EM field generated by the EM rediction to detect the resonant teaperse.
- 47. The method of claim 40 wherein the cavity is defined by | yearulature in the patient and wherein inserting an antenna into the cavity comprises:
  - inserting the antenna into the vasculature; and passing the antenna through the vasculature to a site to be imaged.
- 48. The method of claim 49 wherein the antenna is configured as a quidewice and further complicating:
  - positioning a carneter in the vasculature through use of the quidewire.
- 49. A method of generating an image of a blood vessel wall of a blood vessel in a patient, the method comprising:
  - inserting an antenna into the blood vessel;
  - passing the antenna through the blood vessel to a site to be imaged:
  - generating a magnetic field gradient and electromagnetic

    (BM) radiation external from the patient and |
    transmitting the gradient and EM radiation into the
    patient;
  - transmitting a response signal, based on a detected response team a region of the patient closely proximate the antenna, so a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)

Art Unit: 3700

### processor

receiving the response signal at the MRI processor; and obtaining an image of the blood vessel wall proximate the antenna based on the response signal.

50. A medical apparatus for imagine a blood vessel wall of a blood vessel in a patient by interaction with a magnetic resonance imagine (MRI) system which generates a magnetic field gradient and electromagnetic (EM) regulation, external from the nations and transmiss the gradient and EM radiation into the patient and resonance a response signal indicative of a resonant response from the patient, the apparatus comprising:

- an arienna configured to be inserted into the blood vessel

  and passed along the blood vessel to a site to be
  imaged and to provide the response signal, based on the
  resonant response from a region of the patient closely
  provided the antenna, to the NRI system; and
- a controller coupled to the antenna and configured to receive the response signal and repeatedly calculate antenna location to obtain an image of the blood vessel wall proximate the antenna.
- 5). The medical apparatus of claim 50 wherein the antenna comprises an open conductor length.
- 52. The medical apparatus of claim \$1 wherein the ensenna includes a first elemente conductor having a portion thereof forming the open conductor length, and a second elemente conductor, the first and second elemente conductors extending to a proximal end of the antenna.
- 5). The medical apparatus of claim 50 wherein the antenna is configured to be capacitively coupled to an EM field generated by the EM radiation.

Art Unit: 3700

54. A medical apparatus for imaging a bady cavity wall of a body cavity in a patient by interacting with a magnetic resonance imaging 1882) system which concretes a magnetic field gradient and electromagnetic (EM) radiation external from the patient and transmits the gradient and EM radiation into the patient and receives a response signal indicative of a resonant response from the patient, the apparatus comprising:

an MRI antenna configured to be insected into the body cavity and passed along the body cavity to a site to be imaged and to provide the response signal, based on the response response from a region of the petient closely proximate the antenna, to the MRI system.

55. The medical apparatus of claim 54 wherein the body cavity is a blood vassel and lurther comprising:

a controller coupled to the antenna and configured to receive the response signal and repeatedly calculate antenna location to obtain an image of the blood vessel wall proximate the antenna.

56. A method of generating an image of a wall pf a body cavity in a nation, the method communication:

insersing a magnetic resonance imaging (NRI) antenna into the body dayity;

passing the MRI antenna through the body cavity to a site to be imaged; and

obtaining an MRI amage of the body cavity wall proximate the entenns.

Page 15

Application/Control Number: 09/804,430

Art Unit: 3700

transmitting a response signal, based on a detected resonant response from a region of the national closely proximate the antenna, to an MRI processor:

reseiving the response signal at the MRE processor; and calculating antenna location based on the response signal.

18. The method of claim 17 wherein calculating antenna location comprises:

reseasedly calculating antenna location.

59. The method of claim 56 wherein obtaining an MRI image Compiles;

calculating an image of the antenna.

60. The method of claim 56 wherein obtaining an MR1 image comprises:

<u>calculating antenna position.</u>

61. The method of claim \$6 wherein obtaining an MRI image comprises:

calculating antenna orientation.

62. The method of claim 56 wherein the body cavity is a blood vessel and obtaining an MRI image comprises:

repeatedly measuring, reconstructing and storing the image to obtain an increased resolution image of the blood yessel wall.

Art Unit: 3700

- 61. The method of claim 57 wherein transmitting a response signal comprises:
  - capacitively coupling the antenna to an EM field generated by the EM radiation to detect the resenant response.
- 64. The method of claim \$6 wherein the body navity is defined by vasculature and the antenna is configured as a guidewire and further conclising:
  - positioning a catheter in the vasculature through use of the quidewire.
- 65. A medical apparatus for imaging a wall of a body cavity in a patient by interacting with a magnetic resonance imaging (NRI) system which generates a magnetic field gradient and electromagnetic (EM) radiation and transmits the gradient and EM radiation into the matient and receives a response simple indicative of a resonant response from the patient, the apparatus compensating:
- an entenna including an open conductor length configured to
  be inserted into the cavity and provide the response
  eignal, based on the resonant response from a region of
  the patient closely proximate the antenna, to the MRI
  system wherein the antenna includes a first elongate
  conductor having a portion thereof forming the open
  conductor length, and a second elongate conductor, the
  first and second elongate conductors extending to a
  proximal end of the entenna; and
- a controller coupled to the antenna and configured to receive the response signal to obtain an image of the cavity wall proximate the antenna.
- 66. The medical apparatus of claim 65 wherein the first and second elongate conductors are coaxially arranged along at least a portion of a length thereof.
  - 67. The medical apparatus of claim 65 wherein the first and second elegate conductors are separated by an insulative layer.
  - 68. The medical apparatus of claim 65 wherein the first end second elongate conductors are formed as a twisted pair.
  - 65. The medical apparatus of claim 65 wherein the first and second elongate conductors are generally linear and generally parallel to one another.

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